

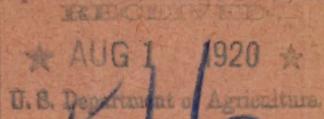
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INDEXED.



ESTABLISHED 1882



The North Bend Nurseries

J. W. STEVENSON, Proprietor

North Bend, Dodge County, Nebraska



1909-Spring and Fall-1909 Catalogue and Price List of FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL **TREES**

**SMALL FRUITS, SHRUBS, ROSES,
BULBS, Etc.**

(Copy)

ENTOMOLOGIST'S CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION.

This is to certify that on Sept. 2, 1908, I examined personally the nursery and premises of the North Bend Nurseries. J. W. Stevenson, Prop., North Bend, Nebr., and find no San Jose Scale nor indication that it has ever been present in the nursery or its vicinity, and the stock is apparently in a healthy condition and free from all other dangerous insect pests.

This certificate is good for one year.

LAWRENCE BRUNER, State Entomologist.

**WE PACK FREE. WE REPLACE AT HALF PRICE. WE GUAR-
ANTEE GOOD STOCK IN GOOD CONDITION. WE PAY FREIGHT
ON ORDERS OF \$10.00 OR MORE**

WE CARRY THE LARGEST STOCK OF

BERRY BOXES, CRATES, GRAPE, MARKET AND BUSHEL
BASKETS, APPLE BARRELS AND ALL KINDS OF FRUIT
PACKAGES IN THE WEST.

**Seeds for Field and Garden-Bee Keepers'
Supplies-Garden Tools of all Kinds.**

YOUNKERMAN SEED CO.

164 BROADWAY, COUNCIL BLUFFS, IA.



PRICE \$3.50

Churn dash
\$40 Extra

SPRAY AND FORCE PUMP

A slight pressure of the thumb starts the spray. Remove it and the spray stops instantly.

Special attention is called to the new "Kant Klog", the only nozzle that can be successfully cleaned without stopping the spray or removing the nozzle from the tree. The first and only nozzle ever made which gives both flat and round sprays, or solid streams.

We do away entirely with the objectionable foot-rest, clamps, leather suction, packing, etc., etc.

This pump requires *no fastening of any kind*, holds itself down and works anywhere and everywhere. All the operator need do is to press the plunger down. *It rises of itself*, the upward stroke being made by a brass spring forcing the cylinder apart.

The *all brass* suction working within a *brass cylinder* with *all brass valves*, does away entirely with all leather, rubber, or other packing. It is practically impossible for any part to get out of order. Is the *Easiest Working* and will do more different kinds of work than any pump ever made. Will pump from a pail, barrel, tank, spring or creek. Without fastenings of any kind it stands firmly wherever placed. Weighs only 4 pounds and is *Ready for Instant Use Everywhere*.

KANT CLOG AIR SPRAYER STYLE C

SPRAYS FRUIT TREES, POTATOES, VEGETABLES, TOBACCO, COTTON AND DANDELIONS. FOR WAGONS, WINDOWS, HENHOUSES, FIRES, DISINFECTING, ETC., ETC.

WHAT TO USE—The most satisfactory substance for general work upon dandelions and miscellaneous road-side weeds is Iron Sulphate used at the rate of approximately two pounds for each gallon of water. On lawns for dandelions alone, where a hand machine is used, the strength of one and one-third to one and one-half pounds per gallon will be found to give the desired results, though, if the dandelions are large and coarse two pounds for each gallon of water will give best results. Use nothing but a sprayer having all parts made of brass, as the chemicals will destroy a galvanized steel sprayer in a few hours use. Bordeaux mixture will also destroy a galvanized steel tank.

DIRECTIONS

A few seconds working of the air pump thoroughly agitates the solution and charges the sprayer with compressed air. This being a very powerful and elastic force, will, as soon as the thumb presses the "Shut-off" force out the liquid in the form of either a spray or a solid continuous stream, as desired.

After sprayer is charged, you need not stop for anything; just walk along from one row to another, the machine will supply sufficient spray to enable you to do the work as fast as you can walk. The great saving in time, labor and solution even on small sprayings will more than pay for this splendid machine the first month it is used, to say nothing of the big increase in crops as a result of spraying properly.

PRICES

With galvanized steel body, - - - - -	\$5.00
With polished brass body, - - - - -	6.50
Copper strainer - - - - -	1.00
Brass extension rods, each - - - - -	.50



To Our Esteemed Patrons and Friends:

We take pleasure in presenting you our catalogue for 1909, and thank you for your patronage and kind words. Our circle of friends and customers is enlarging year by year and we will do all we can to merit their patronage and good will by giving stock of good varieties in good condition.

Our twenty-nine years' experience in handling and growing nursery stock in the state convinces us more and more that purchasers will save money and labor by buying from reliable nurserymen near home. We know the varieties that succeed the best and it is to our interest to give you varieties that succeed, for your success will help us to sell to others. Agents of Eastern nurseries are selling many varieties that are a failure in the West. Nor can you select from their catalogue such varieties as you ought to have. Many agents boom high-priced, untried novelties in fruit as especially important, when we know that not more than one out of ten of them generally prove valuable.

Agents.—We have no traveling agents and in presenting this catalogue we give the customers benefit of agent's commission and expenses. You will find by comparing our prices with those of some agents who may canvass you, that we are from 50 to 500 per cent cheaper. An agent's commission and expenses will cost at least one-half the amount of his orders, and the customer must pay the extra expense of the agent. Any one wishing to get up a club can have 10 per cent commission and freight paid. Our prices are too low to afford a larger commission.

Location.—North Bend is in Dodge county, fifty miles west of Omaha, on the Union Pacific railroad and two miles from Morse Bluff on the C. & N. W. railroad. We ship to points on the latter road from Morse Bluff and thus save the extra cost of shipping over two lines of road. Our soil is a clay loam four feet deep and is unsurpassed in quality in the world for growing good trees, plants or crops of any kind. Our plants and trees root deeply in our porous soil and destructive drouths seldom injure them.

Irrigation.—We irrigate our small fruit when needing it and can therefore give superior plants in dry seasons. We have a large demand for strawberry and raspberry plants from nurserymen and dealers, because we can supply them in all seasons with first-class plants. We have extended our irrigation facilities till we can water everything we grow. Though we are not in a drouthy belt, we greatly appreciate the advantages of irrigation in growing fruits and nursery stock, for if we guard against drouths, we can grow very successfully a great variety of fruits in Nebraska.

Terms.—Cash with the order. Remit by bank draft, postoffice or express money order, or registered letter. Orders amounting to \$10 or over will be sent C. O. D. if desired, if one-third of the amount is sent with the order.

Orders should be sent in as early as possible, written on separate sheets from the letter, giving full and explicit directions as to route, whether by freight or express and give nearest railroad or express office as well as your postoffice. If you do not hear from us in a reasonable length of time, write again, as there is a possibility of an order being lost. Claims for errors, if any, should be made within five days after receiving the goods. No order should be sent for less than \$1. Always keep a copy of your order for reference and checking off stock when received. Our prices include packing and delivery at the depot when our responsibility ceases. In case of delay we do our utmost to facilitate delivery.

Packing will be done in the most careful manner, so the stock will be sure to reach the customer in good order, which we guarantee it to do. Packing season usually commences March 20 and October 1.

We manufacture and sell the Thomas Tree Baler, Box Clamp and Fodder Binders. We have customers in nearly every state and in Canada. Will send descriptive circulars and testimonials to any who may wish them.

Estimates will be cheerfully furnished on large orders.

Replacing.—We will replace all fruit trees and plants that die from any cause at half our retail price. If we are to blame for the condition of the stock we will replace free.

Few firms are as liberal as we are about replacing.

Guarantee.—We aim to have our stock true to name and carefully labeled; yet, while we exercise the greatest care to do this, we will not be held responsible for any sum greater than the cost of the stock that proves untrue.

Varieties.—As far as possible leave the selection of varieties to us. We will use our experience with fruit in Nebraska for the past twenty-eight years for your benefit. Many select too many varieties and often not the best sorts. When varieties become exhausted we reserve the right to substitute others of same class and value or of larger size except when orders are marked "No Substitution."

Order Early and Get First Attention.

Descriptive Catalogue of 72 pages will be furnished for ten cents. If an order is sent we will credit the amount on the order.

Horticulture Reports of the State Horticultural Society will be sent by mail if ten cents is sent for postage.

Directions for Planting will be sent to each one ordering.

Prices for 6 at a dozen rate, 5 at 10 rate, 50 at 100 rate, 500 at 1,000 rate, though several varieties in a class make up the number.

References.—First National Bank, National Bank of North Bend, A. F. Doubrava or Frank Datel, prominent merchants of North Bend.

Freight or Express charges can be paid at destination as our guarantee is accepted by railroad and express companies. Small bales go as cheap by express as by freight and when such is the case we send by express. The minimum weight for freight on all railroads is 100 pounds.

We will pay the freight on an order, or several orders, amounting to \$5 or more, excepting on lots bought at wholesale prices, or at rates per 1,000 and will limit our liability for freight to 10 per cent of the order. Instead of having freight prepaid customers may select additional stock to amount of 10 per cent of the cash sent in. This offer will be an advantage to customers near us and all buyers of any amount may take the benefit of the offer. This 10 per cent premium usually exceeds the amount of the freight.

We have found the prepaying of freight a great inconvenience.

Heeling-in and Planting.—When trees are received, heel in immediately so that mellow earth comes in contact with all the roots, and water the roots if the earth is dry. Do not let the bale or box be exposed to sun or wind an hour if you can avoid it, and in planting do not let the roots get dry for a moment. In planting make the hole sufficiently large so roots will not be bent or twisted. It is a good plan to have roots grouted or dipped in mud before planting. Plant one or two inches deeper than the trees stood in the nursery. Pack the soil firmly about the roots and after roots are covered, add a bucket of water; when soaked away fill up the hole nearly even with the surface, but have the soil on top loose. Where water is plentiful, fill up the hole partly with fine, loose, surface soil and settle it about the roots with water instead of tamping it in. Cultivate with hoe or cultivator every ten days or oftener till middle of August. Nothing should be allowed to grow within two or three feet of the tree. Shorten in branches to one-third of last season's growth and leave only four or five limbs on an apple tree.

If you receive two or more catalogues, please pass the extras to neighbors or to friends who may need them.

Clubs.—To those who send in other orders besides their own we will allow a commission of 10 per cent, including order of the person getting up the club.

Names Wanted.—Send us the names and P. O. address of all persons who might wish to grow fruit and we will send you by mail or add to your order, Strawberry, Raspberry, Blackberry, Dewberry, or Rose Bushes and Shrubs, according to the value of your list. Be careful not to put in the names of

those who cannot plant anything. Our Price List is our agent. He will treat you well, so introduce him to your acquaintances.

We will be especially liberal with those who give us a complete list of land owners getting mail at any office and check those most likely to plant trees.

PREMIUMS.

In addition to our 10 per cent premium to pay freight we offer an additional premium of 5 per cent on orders sent in with the cash before March 1st and such orders shall have **precedence in packing**.

If all orders could be sent in before March 15th it would be better for the customer as well as the nurseryman.

We can most heartily recommend the firms advertising in this catalogue. We are confident that any one dealing with them will be well pleased.

APPLES.

We have our usual supply of apple and crab trees and, though they have greatly advanced in price the past year, we still offer them at nearly former prices, which is low for good trees.

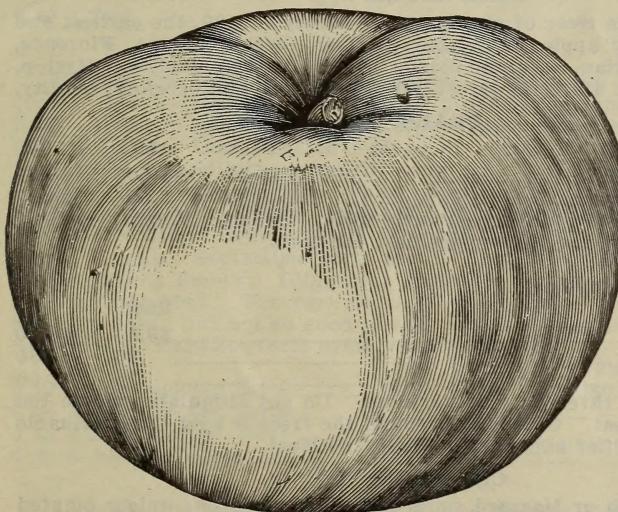
	Each	10	100
5 to 6 feet, select 2 and 3 year	\$0.20	\$1.90	\$18.00
4 to 5 feet, select 2-year trees	.18	1.60	15.00
3 to 4 feet, 2-year good trees	.12	1.00	10.00
2 to 3 feet, 1-year good trees	.10	.75	6.00

We will give such varieties as will succeed best in this latitude and north of here. We have other varieties in smaller supply, but recommend following:

Summer Apples.—Early Harvest, large, yellow, good quality, season, July. Yellow Transparent, large, white, excellent quality, season July, early bearer.

Red June, medium size, good bearer, ripens after Early Harvest. Tetofsky, a handsome Russian apple, very hardy and productive. Red Astrachan, large, crimson, moderately productive and hardy; follows Early Harvest. Duchess of Oldenburg, large, striped, extremely hardy, good bearer, ripe August 1. Early Pennock, Benoni, Chenango, Strawberry and Cooper's Early White are all valuable sorts of excellent quality, ripe August 1 to 15. Sweet June and Sweet Bough, sweet, early apples, good quality, ripe in July.

Autumn Apples.—Wealthy, large, red or striped, excellent quality, extremely hardy, season August and September. Haas, similar to Wealthy, hardy, good bearer, season August and September. Maiden Blush, large, yellow, hardy, productive. Utter's Red, large, yellow, pale stripe, hardy, good quality, good bearer, follows Wealthy. Fameuse or Snow, nearly red, flesh white, medium size, hardy, season October. Ramsdell Sweet and Price's



Sweet are valuable fall sweet sorts. Rambo, delicious quality, but tree rather tender, season October and November. Wolf River, very large, hardy, productive, season September and October. Fall Wine, Dyer, Cole's Quince, Longfield, Fall Winesap and Day are all grand, good fall sorts, season September to November.

Winter Apples.—Jonathan and Grimes' Golden Pippin, early winter sorts of high quality, good early bearers, moderately hardy. Iowa Blush, medium, delicious quality, tree hardy, early, good bearer. Northwestern Greening, large, yellow, good keeper, good bearer, hardy. Ben Davis and Gano are much alike, great bearers, thrifty, hardy trees, most profitable sorts to plant extensively. Winesap, well known sort, high quality, good bearer, long keeper. Mammoth Black Twig, an improved Winesap, tree similar, fruit larger. Missouri Pippin, good size, red or striped, great and early bearer, hardy. Salome, medium size, very hardy, good quality, late keeper. Stayman's Winesap, one of the finest in cultivation. Talman Sweet and Isham Sweet are excellent winter sweet apples. Rawles' Janet, medium size, long keeper, blooms very late, great bearer alternate years. Sheriff and York Imperial are both valuable sorts. Walbridge, a great grower, large size, does best north, late bloomer.

Special Sorts.—Bismark, new, bears when two or three years old, large apple, good quality, early winter sort. Reagan's Red or Black Ben Davis, better quality than Ben Davis and as good bearer. Okabena, very hardy, north, large and good quality, November to January. Malinda, one of the hardiest sorts, long keeper, size medium to large, 3 to 4 feet trees only. McIntosh Red, very hardy, resembles the Fameuse but larger, longer keeper. Liveland Raspberry, very early, hardy, profuse bearer. Winter Banana, superior quality; very early bearer, long keeper, large.
Each of above sorts.....5 to 6 feet, 25c; 4 to 5 feet, 20c; 3 to 4 feet, 15c.

We can furnish any other old or new sort not in above list.

CRAB APPLES.

Same price as apple trees of same size. Whitney No. 20, the earliest and largest, a good eating apple when ripe. Sylvan Sweet, Martha, Florence, Red and Yellow Siberian, medium season, good size and quality. Hyslop, Alaska and Gideon No. 4 are the latest, all of good size and excellent quality.

PEARS.

Standard	Each	10	100
5 to 7 feet, select	\$0.35	\$3.00	\$28.00
4 to 5 feet, good trees .....	.30	2.50	24.00

Bartlett and Clapp's Favorite, best early sorts. Duchess, Flemish Beauty, Sheldon, Seckel, Garber and Keiffer are best fall sorts.

Dwarf

Varieties same as standard.

	Each	10
4 to 5 feet	\$0.35	\$3.00
3 to 4 feet .....	.30	2.50
2 to 3 feet .....	.25	2.00

Plant at first only three or four varieties. Do not stimulate growth too much after the first year. Coal ashes around the trees is said to be valuable to prevent blight. Keiffer and Garber blight the least.

CHERRIES.

Budded on Mahaleb or Mazzard roots and will not sprout unless planted too deep. If planted too deep the tree will start roots near the surface and sprouts will start from them. The bud should be covered about two inches below the surface. Sweet or Heart cherries do not succeed well, but will furnish them if wanted at the same price as the others. Would recommend Early Richmond, Montmorency, Dyehouse, Wragg, English Morello, Ostheim and Baldwin. They may be planted 16x16 feet. Rocky Mountain cherries are worthless so we do not list them. The Compass cherry is of very poor quality though very hardy, 3 to 4 feet trees 30 cents each.

	Each	10	100
5 to 6 feet, choice trees, first class.....	\$0.45	\$4.25	\$37.50
4 to 5 feet, good trees .....	.40	3.75	32.50
3 to 4 feet, good roots .....	.30	2.75	22.50
2 to 3 feet, trees .....	.20	1.75	15.00

They ripen in the following order: Dyehouse, Early Richmond, Morency, Ostheim, Baldwin, English Morello and Wragg. Whole season June 15 to August 10. Sweet cherries same price for same size. Windsor is probably the hardiest sweet cherry. The Bing, a new sort, is very popular.

The grade of cherry trees is governed more by the caliper of the stem than by the height.

PLUMS.

In northern part of the state plant mostly of American varieties. They ripen in about the following order and are the leading sorts, though there are multitudes of other sorts. Milton and Wild Goose in July; Pottawattomie, Forest Garden, Wolf, Weaver, Hawkeye and Wyant in August; Stoddard, DeSoto, Miner and Surprise in September.

Japanese Plums.—Abundance (early), Burbank, Red June, Wickson, Satsuma. These sorts are much larger but quality not so good as European sorts.

European Plums.—Lombard (most reliable), Tatge, Moore's Arctic, Green Gage, Shipper's Pride, German Prune, Bradshaw, Yellow Egg.

Plant ten or twelve feet apart in thicket form to insure fertilization. Plant several varieties together. Head back in the spring, thus keeping them close headed and stocky and preventing them from breaking down when loaded with fruit. By proper assortment you may have plums from July 15 to October 15.

	Each	10	100
5 to 6 feet, select	\$0.40	\$3.75	\$35.00
4 to 5 feet, good .....	.35	3.25	30.00
3 to 4 feet, select 1 and 2 year .....	.30	2.50	20.00
2 to 3 feet .....	.20	1.50	12.50

PEACHES.

Peaches are being extensively planted in Nebraska and have yielded good crops. The hardiest sorts of budded peaches are much hardier than seedlings. It is a very common mistake to suppose that seedlings of peach or apple are hardier than selected budded or grafted sorts. The quality of the fruit of such seedlings is usually very poor. We recommend as best and hardiest the following sorts which ripen nearly in the order given here: Sneed, Alexander, Amsden, Hale's Early, Triumph, season July; Champion, Crawford's Early, Bokara No. 3 (claimed to be the hardiest peach known), season August; September sorts are Hill's Chilli, Elberta, Crosby, Wright, Bailey, Beer's Smock. Clingstone sorts are Old Mixon Cling, Blood Cling, season September. The earliest sorts are clingings. The Wright and Bailey are very hardy but not as good quality as the others and not ripe till last of September. Hardiest sorts same price as others.

	Each	10	100
5 to 6 feet, budded sorts	\$0.20	\$1.75	\$15.00
4 to 5 feet, budded sorts .....	.15	1.25	12.00
3 to 4 feet, budded sorts .....	.12	1.00	10.00
4 to 5 feet, seedlings .....	.10	.80	6.00

APRICOTS.

Apricots are usually hardier than peach trees, particularly the budded Russian sorts. Russian sorts: Alexander, Alexis, Gibb, J. L. Budd, season July 1 to August 1. Other sorts are Harris, Early Golden and Superb.

	Each	10	100
5 to 6 feet, 2 year	\$0.25	\$2.20	\$20.00
4 to 5 feet, 2 year .....	.20	1.80	18.00
3 to 4 feet, 1 and 2 year .....	.15	1.40	12.00

NECTARINES.

Same price as Apricots.

QUINCES.

Quinces have not succeeded here or elsewhere in Nebraska so far as we know, but should be experimented with in different localities and with a variety of treatment.

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 feet	\$0.30	\$2.50	
4 to 5 feet .....	.35	3.00	

CURRENTS.

Currants and Gooseberries in their wild state grow in moist places and we can best supply this natural demand by planting in rich soil and by mulching and manuring well. Ashes may also be used freely about them. Shelter them as much as possible from the south wind. Plant 4 to 5 feet apart. Standard sorts: Red and White Dutch, Cherry, White Grape, Victoria, Ver-sailles, Black Naples, etc.

	Each	10	100
No. 1, strong 2-year plants	\$0.10	\$0.80	\$ 6.00
No. 1, 1-year plants .....	.08	.60	4.00
London Market, Fays' Prolific, North Star and Pomona, 2-year plants .....	.12 1/2	1.00	8.00
No. 1, 1-year plants .....	.10	.80	6.00

GOOSEBERRIES.

Plant in rich soil, manure once a year, prune thoroughly every year.

	Each	10	100
Houghton, red, reliable old sort, berry small, surest bearer, 2-year	\$0.12	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
Downing, green, large berry, one of the best, 2-year .....	.15	1.20	10.00
Pearl, new, very large, green, very profitable, 2-year .....	.15	1.20	10.00
Red Jacket, red, very large, healthy grower, productive, 2-year .....	.20	1.50	12.50
Industry, English red sort, very large, not reliable....	.20	1.50	12.50
Currants and Gooseberries sent by mail, 150 extra per 10, for 1-year plants.			

RASPBERRIES.

Easily grown. Plant 2 feet by 6. Pinch back black caps first year when 1 to 1 1/2 feet high. Plant 200 or more for family use. We grow large quantities.

	10	100	1000
Tyler and Palmer, earliest, hardy, productive	\$0.25	\$1.50	\$10.00
Ohio and Older, Conrath and Kansas, medium season, very hardy, large, productive .....	.30	1.50	12.00
Nemaha and Gregg, latest in season, very productive .....	.30	2.00	12.00
Cumberland, new sort, largest raspberry grown, canes strong and hardy, medium .....	.30	2.00	15.00

Red Cap sorts that root from tip:	10	100	1000
Redfield and Wallace, strong growers, hardy, berries large, productive .....	.30	2.00	-----
Haymaker and Cardinal Red, strong growers, very large berry, hardy .....	.40	3.00	-----

Red Cap sorts that sucker:	10	100	1000
Turner, well known, productive .....	.25	1.50	10.00
Miller, hardy here, good bearer .....	.25	1.50	10.00
Louden, best red sort, very large, hardy, very productive .....	.30	2.00	12.00

Eaton.—New sort, very large and productive. Received Medal at Pan American Exposition and Silver Medal at St. Louis Exposition.

Ruby.—Very large, hardy, very productive, out yielding other sorts 2 to 1.

King.—New red sort very large, productive, claimed to be the best of all red sorts.

Price for above 3 sorts per 10, 50c; per 100, \$4.00.

Lots of 10 can be mailed free of postage.

BLACKBERRIES AND DEWBERRIES.

Plant 3 by 7 feet. Pinch or cut new growth of Blackberries back when 3 feet high. Treat suckers of Blackberries and Red Raspberries between the rows as weeds and cut them off once or twice in the spring. We can furnish other sorts, but do not recommend them.

	10	100	1000
Snyder, hardest of all Blackberries, excellent quality	\$0.30	\$2.00	\$15.00
Stone's Hardy, very hardy, good bearer, good quality	.30	2.00	15.00

Lucretia Dewberry.—Largest and best of all Dewberries. The Lucretia Dewberry is becoming more popular every year. It stands drouth remarkably well. Cover plants during winter and be sure of a crop. We give strong roots .30 2.00 15.00

Loganberry.—A cross between a Red Raspberry and a Blackberry vine, a strong grower, spreading like the Dewberry. Fruit size of Blackberry. Color red, pleasant flavor, 10c per 10 extra if sent by mail. Per 10, 60c; per 100, \$5.00.

We are pleased with this sort. Produces fruit from July till frost comes. If the old canes winter kill it will produce a fair crop on the new growth. All should try it.

IMPROVED DWARF JUNEBERRIES.

The Juneberry is perfectly hardy, always bears, never needs to be replanted, fruit size of wild gooseberry, blue-black when fully ripe, a mild, rich, sub-acid, and is considered delicious by most people. It will do well in all parts of the state and all should have it. It is a good ornamental bush.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches, bearing size	\$0.10	\$0.80	\$ 6.00
10 to 18 inches	.10	.60	4.00
Can send small size by mail at 10 cents extra per 10.			

Buffalo Berry.—A shrub growing 5 to 6 feet high, bears acid fruit much like currants; fruit good for cooking or for jelly, 18 to 24 inches \$0.15 \$1.25 -----

Elderberry.—Well known, 2 to 3 feet .10 .80 5.00

Hazel Nuts.—3 to 4 feet .10 .80 6.00

Rhubarb or Pie Plant.—

Linneus, medium size, tender .10 .80 6.00
Giant, very large, best for canning .10 .80 6.00

Asparagus.—Plant in rich soil, 2 feet apart in rows. Set roots 6 inches below the surface, covering with 3 inches of soil, fill in the first season while cultivating. Doz. 100 1000

Best sorts, 2-year, mail at dozen rate \$0.25 \$1.00 \$ 7.50

Horse Radish.—Mail at dozen rate .50 3.00 -----

GRAPES.

Grapes in November should be taken from the trellis, pruned and covered with mulching or earth. Many varieties can be successfully grown in Nebraska if protected in the winter. We give a list of the most valuable varieties for this country:

	Each	10	100
Concord. —Well known, 2-year..	\$0.10	\$0.60	\$ 5.00
Concord. —One year, No. 1, best size for planting .10 .50 4.00			
1 year, No. 2 .05 .40 3.00			
Worden and Moore's Early. —			
Seedlings of Concord; larger, better quality, one week to 10 days earlier, hardy as Concord; 2-year, No. 1 .10 .80 7.00			
1-year, No. 1 .10 .70 6.00			



Empire State, Elvira, Martha, Golden Pocklington,			
Niagara .—Best white, hardy, popular, very productive, 2-year .....	.12	1.00	8.00
1-year .....	.10	.80	6.00
Catawba, Agawam, Salem, Brighton, Wyoming Red.			
—Best red sorts, fine quality, very productive; 2-year .....	.12	1.00	8.00
1-year .....	.10	.80	6.00
Campbell's Early .—A new seedling of Concord, black, very large, both bunch and berry, fine quality, very early, strong grower, hardy, superior to Concord; 2-year, No. 1 .....	.25	2.00	18.00
1-year, No. 1 .....	.20	1.75	15.00

By mail any of the sorts 15 cents extra per dozen for 1-year vines.

Write for prices on other sorts.

STRAWBERRIES.

We have been growing strawberries since 1882. We usually have 12 acres of plants, most of which is new planting from which we dig the plants we sell. We have at present about sixty varieties. We try many new sorts and sometimes find many of them of very superior merit, such as Sample, Clyde, Brandywine, Dunlap and Uncle Jim, which are valuable additions to our list of strawberry plants. The blossoms are either perfect or imperfect. The imperfect are called pistillate because destitute of stamens containing pollen; and have only pistils to receive the pollen from a staminate sort. The pistillate sorts will be marked (P) in our list and such sorts need a staminate variety marked (S) near them or in a parallel row. Remember the staminate or fertile sorts will bear alone but the

pistillate sorts will not. We usually plant one row of staminate to two of pistillate.

Our plants are dug as they are ordered.

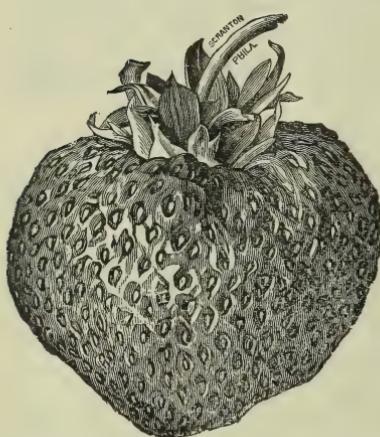
Packing and Shipping.—We use great care in packing so that plants will reach destination in first-class condition and that plants shall be true to name and carefully labeled. If shipments are made late in the season and weather warm they should be expresssed. Early in the season they may be shipped by freight. When plants are bought near home the express charges will be at least one dollar per thousand less than charges on shipments from the East, and the risk of plants heating in transit is not half so great. By buying from us you get plants that do best in the West. Many of the Michigan and other Eastern sorts are worthless here, though recommended there. The grower who depends on Eastern recommendations will be disappointed in many varieties.

We can send plants by mail postpaid that are bought at the twenty-five rate, but if a hundred is to be sent add 20 cents for postage.

When the plants are received, dip the roots only in water and lay them loosely in a cool cellar or heel them in in a shady place, spreading each bunch to occupy two feet of the drill, packing dirt firmly about the roots, but leaving tops uncovered. Water them each day until ready to plant. If so treated they will be in better condition to replant than if planted on arrival, if weather is dry.

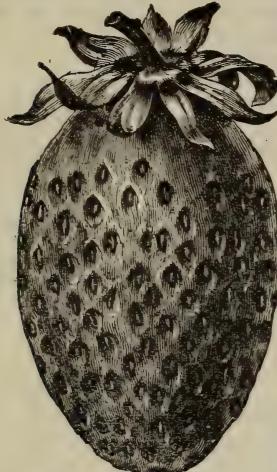
We have the largest stock of plants in the state.

Free Plants.—For every dollar and up to \$5 received with orders for strawberry or raspberry plants at regular rates, except rates per 1,000, be-



fore the 15th of March you may select plants from our list of new sorts, ten cents worth for each dollar so received. Special prices given on large orders of 5,000 or more.

Our plants are dug fresh as ordered and not handled by two or more firms before you get them. We dig the whole row, thus getting the strong plants near the center of the row.



Plant in rows as wide apart as corn rows and have the plants about 15 inches apart in the row, requiring about 10,000 plants for an acre or 62 plants per square rod. In planting have the crowns even with the pressed surface of the ground and press the soil firmly about the roots which should not be bunched together in planting. Cultivate them every week. Tolerate no weeds. Pinch off all fruit stems first year. Do not allow rows to spread more than 18 to 24 inches wide and cut all runners that reach beyond that limit. It is a great mistake to let them grow too thickly like grass.

Spray your plants twice a year with Bordeaux to prevent rust.

To save your berries from late frosts, turn the mulching over on the plants and blossoms till danger is past. After first crop of fruit is picked, trim your rows down with plow or spade to ten inches and let runners start new plants on the edge of the plowed space. Cover with mulching from November 15 to December 1, and rake off into space between rows when plants begin to grow in the spring. If for any cause you do not get a good stand of plants, write us as early as you know it and we will help you out with more plants free of charge if we are to blame for poor condition of them, or will not charge more than half price. Can ship plants till the 20th of May. Lime dust made by slackening fresh lime with strong lye water and sifted on strawberry or vegetable plants when dew is on is an excellent remedy for insects and beneficial to the plant. A little flour added to the lime will make it stick a long time. Can add Paris Green if needed.

Never had better plants than we have this year. They are stronger this year because not set so thickly as formerly.

PRICES OF LEADING STANDARD SORTS.

In giving the order for 1,000 or more not less than 100 of a sort should be selected.

	25	100	1,000
Abington. (S) —New, plant large, healthy, thrifty and said to be very productive of large berries....	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$ 4.00
Aroma. (S) —One of the best late sorts, splendid berry, strong, healthy grower .....	.25	.50	3.50
August Luther. (S) —Extra early, fair size, good quality, strong grower .....	.25	.50	3.00
Bederwood. (S) —Best early, rapid grower, very productive, good quality, one of the best sorts to pollenate early pistillate sorts such as Warfield and Crescent .....	.25	.50	3.00
Brandywine. (S) —Berry large and handsome, good quality, productive, fine plant and grower, very thrifty, good pollinator, few sorts so highly recommended; plant largely of this .....	.25	.50	3.00
Bubach. (S) —Well known sort, very large .....	.40	.60	4.00
Crescent. (P) —A leading sort, "lazy man's berry," vigorous grower everywhere; early, fruit very sour .....	.25	.50	3.00
Clyde. (S) —Fruited here, everywhere praised, large			

	25	100	1,000
berries, very productive, a strong growing plant. Neither cold, heat, or drouth seems to injure this sort. Bears early and late; a fine pollener for other sorts .....	.30	.50	3.50
Commonwealth. (S)—New sort; good grower; very large, productive; very late; we recommend this sort .....	.50	.75	5.00
Columbia. (P)—Very large, productive, good grower and shipper. Worthy of trial .....	.50	1.00	5.00
Commander. (S)—Very fine thrifty grower. Extra large size, most productive of 50 varieties.....	.40	1.00	5.00
Cardinal. (P)—New, greatly praised, fine grower, very productive of excellent large berries.....	.40	1.00	5.00
Chesapeake. (S)—New, fair grower, late sort, large size, excellent quality, good shipper .....	.50	1.50	6.00
Cooper. (S)—New sort, highly recommended by an eastern grower .....	.60	2.00	-----
Clark's Seedling. (S) — A famous sort from Hood River, Oregon. It seems to grow well here. Not fruited yet .....	.60	2.00	-----
Dickey. (S)—Large, productive, long season berry, said to be a better berry than sample .....	.60	2.00	-----
Dunlap. (S)—An Illinois production. At the experiment station in Illinois it was pronounced the best for three years among eighty-two other varieties. We have great confidence in this sort. It has a fine berry, is prolific, stands drouth, heat and cold and transplants easily. There is danger of it matting together too thickly in the row. The leading sort now .....	.30	.50	3.00
Empress. (S)—New good grower, very large and productive. Dark red, excellent quality, medium to late .....	.50	1.50	6.00
Enormous. (P)—Fine plant and big berries; very good sort .....	.30	.50	3.50
Fairfield. (S)—New, early sort, healthy; fruit a rich red, a leader among early varieties .....	.40	1.00	4.00
Fremont Williams. (S)—Very late. Very large and productive, more productive than Gandy.....	.50	1.50	-----
Gandy. (S)—Very late, large, thrifty grower, productive, good quality, latest sort .....	.30	.50	3.50
Glen Mary. (S)—Strong plant of great productivity, very large berries, widely recommended, a reliable sort .....	.30	.50	3.50
Good Luck. (S)—New, a prize winner over 100 competitors. Large handsome, blood red color. Very productive .....	.60	2.00	7.50
Golden Gate. (S)—New, won first premium in 1904 and 1906 at Mass. State Horticultural Society, 7 to 10 berries filled a quart. We find it a strong grower, season early and late .....	.75	2.50	-----
Gill. (S)—New, early sort, good grower, very valuable for early fruit. Size medium .....	.60	1.50	-----
Great Scott. (P)—One of the largest of the largest, fine plant, quality good. Very productive, late....	.75	2.50	-----
Gov. Rollins. (P)—New, a prize winner, a good plant, fruit large, handsome, quality best, season medium to late .....	.60	1.50	-----
Goldsborough. (S)—A perfect sort in plant and fruit, berries large and quality delicious, of the many grand sorts originated by Mr. G., he calls			

	25	100	1,000
this one by his name .....	.60	1.50	.....
Haverland. (P)—Thrifty, healthy, immensely productive of medium to large berries; has always done well here. Good for near market sort .....	.30	.50	3.50
Helen Gould. (P)—New, fruit large, plant healthy, delicious flavor, long season	\$1.00	\$2.00	.....

THE HIGHLAND STRAWBERRY.

The Ohio agricultural experiment station says in its report for four years. In 1904 "The Highland this season was the most prolific of the 146 varieties composing the station test plats. Fruit medium to large, plants very large, strong and vigorous." In 1905 report they say "Highland was the most prolific variety in our collection." In 1906 "Highland for the 3rd season stands in the front rank of varieties remarkable for prolificacy, this season again surpassing all others in the quantity of fruit produced."

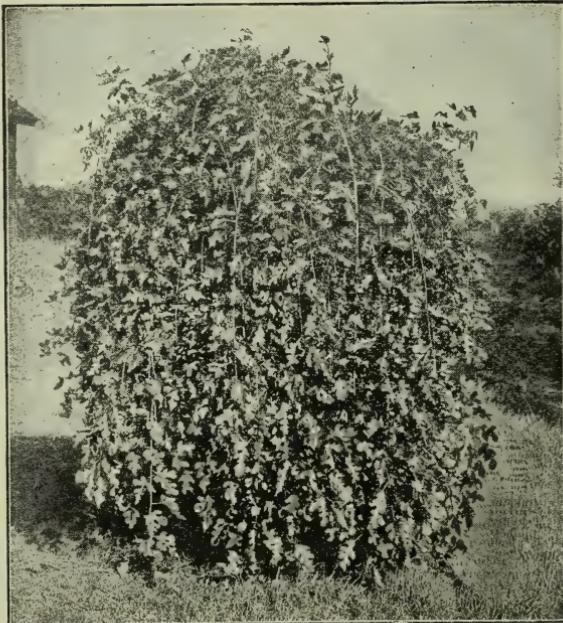
In 1907, "During the 4 years Highland has been upon the station grounds it has not failed to give very prolific crops. A quart maker of bright, handsome berries of very acceptable quality."

It has been tested 10 years and no other sort has equalled it. We are pleased with the growth of the plants.

	25	100	1,000
Highland	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$15.00
Irene. (S) — New sort from Wisconsin where it has attracted much attention on account of its fine berries .....	.60	2.00	.....
July 1. (P) — Latest variety grown, hardy, handsome, good size, fine quality, a money maker .....	.75	2.00	.....
Kittie Rice. (P)—A splendid popular berry. Strong thrifty plant, large berry, dark red. Medium season .....	.40	.60	4.00
Mrs. Miller. (P)—New, large, strong plant, vigorous growth, berries of immense size, fine quality, mid-season till late .....	.40	.60	4.00
Mrs. Mark Hanna. (P)—This is not quite as strong a grower as the Mr. Hanna, but is a nice plant and the fruit very highly recommended, large berries..	.40	.60	4.00
Margaret. (S)—Can highly recommend this sort, vigorous grower, productive, large berries, mid-season .....	.50	.75	5.00
Hew Home. (S)—New, highly recommended but has made poor growth here .....	.50	.75	5.00
Nettie. (P)—Very late and large, very productive....	.40	.75	5.00
Nehring's Gem. (P)—Very productive of good sized berries .....	.50	.75	.....
Oswego. (S)—New, late, large, hardy, productive, $\frac{1}{2}$ acre sold for \$400 .....	.75	2.50	.....
Oak's Early. (S)—Early, good bearer of handsome berries, good grower .....	.60	1.00	6.00
Pride of Michigan. (S)—Said to out yield any other strawberry. Dark red all through. Berries medium to large .....	.50	1.00	5.00
Parker Earl Improved. (S)—Very productive, large fruit, good quality, late. Plant makes few runners, needs good soil and plenty of moisture to mature fruit .....	.40	.60	4.50
Red Bird. (S)—Very early, said to be large and very productive .....	.40	.75	6.00
St. Louis. (S)—Early, very large, 12 berries fill a quart, one of the grandest new fruits out.....	.60	1.50	.....
Nebraska. (S)—A seedling found here. Foliage like Brandywine but larger fruit and better quality, good bearer .....	.40	.75	5.00

	25	100	1,000
Splendid. (S) —Much like Brandywine in plant and fruit; very productive of large berries. Plant this freely .....	.30	.50	3.50
Sample. (P) —This is a leading standard sort, season medium to late. Berries large .....	.30	.50	4.00
Stevens Late Champion. (S) —A late sort very highly recommended; a good grower. Berry large .....	.50	1.00	5.00
Uncle Jim. (S) —New, late sort, No. 1 shipper, large size, fine color. The originator says it will bear twice as much to the acre as many other sorts, it did remarkably well the past season .....	.40	.50	4.00
Warfield No. 2. (P) —Early and late, very productive, good shipper, good quality, our leading sort, more extensively planted than any other sort. We have not found any sort that will surpass the Warfield in productiveness or quality of fruit. It will not stand drouth as well as some other sorts .....	.30	.50	3.00
Thompson's Early. (S) —Very early, highly recommended, fine healthy grower. Moderate bearer .....	.25	.50	3.00
Wonder. (S) —Said to be a wonderful berry, big plants, big berries and lots of them. We find it a good grower .....	.50	.75	5.00
We have a good many other sorts in small supply, some of them new sorts that need further testing and some sorts we will discard altogether.			

SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.



Weeping Mulberry.

These trees have been transplanted and are well rooted.

	Each	10	100
Ash, 6 to 8 feet, select	\$0.25	\$2.00	\$18.00
" 5 to 6 feet .....	.20	1.70	15.00

		Each	10	100
Ash , 4 to 5 feet .....		.15	1.20	10.00
" 3 to 4 feet .....		.10	.60	5.00
" 2 to 3 feet .....		.05	.30	2.50
" 10 to 15 inches, No. 1; \$4.00 per 1,000.....		---	---	.50
" 6 to 10 inches; \$3.00 per 1,000		---	---	---
Box Elder , 5 to 6 feet .....		.25	2.00	15.00
" 4 to 5 feet .....		.20	1.50	10.00
" 10 to 15 inches, seedlings; \$4.00 per 1,000		---	---	---
" 6 to 10 inches, seedlings; \$3.00 per 1,000		---	---	---
Cottonwood , 5 to 6 feet .....		.10	.80	6.00
" 4 to 5 feet .....		.08	.60	4.00
" 3 to 4 feet .....		.05	.40	2.50
" 2 to 3 feet, per 1,000, \$5.00 .....		.02	.15	1.00
" seedlings, 18 to 24 in. per 1,000, \$8.00		---	---	---
" seedlings, 10 to 18 in. per 1,000, \$2.50		---	---	---
" seedlings, 6 to 12 in. per 1,000, \$2.00		---	---	---
Hardy Catalpa , 5 to 6 feet .....		.25	2.00	15.00
" " 4 to 5 feet .....		.20	1.50	12.50
" " 3 to 4 feet .....		.10	.50	2.50
" " 2 to 3 feet .....		.05	.25	1.00
" " seedlings 18 to 24 in. per 1,000, \$6.00		---	---	.75
" " seedlings 12 to 18 in. per 1,000, \$5.00		---	---	.60
We cannot recommend Catalpa as a durable wood.				
Elm , 6 to 7 feet, select, nursery grown .....		.30	2.50	20.00
" 5 to 6 feet, select, nursery grown .....		.20	1.75	15.00
" 3 to 4 feet, select, nursery grown .....		.08	.60	5.00
" 10 to 15 inches, seedlings; \$3.50 per 1,000.....		---	---	.40
" 6 to 12 inches, seedlings, \$2.50 per 1,000.....		---	---	---
Carolina Poplar , 10 to 12 feet .....		.50	4.50	-----
" " 8 to 10 feet .....		.40	3.50	-----
" " 6 to 8 feet .....		.25	2.00	-----
" " 5 to 6 feet .....		.20	1.70	15.00
" " 3 to 4 feet .....		.10	.80	6.00
" " 2 to 3 feet .....		.06	.50	4.00
Soft Maple , 10 to 12 feet .....		.40	4.00	30.00
" " 8 to 10 feet, select .....		.35	3.00	25.00
" " 7 to 8 feet, select .....		.30	2.50	20.00
" " 6 to 7 feet, select .....		.25	2.00	15.00
" " 5 to 6 feet, select .....		.20	1.50	12.00
" " 4 to 5 feet, select .....		.15	1.00	8.00
" " 3 to 4 feet, select .....		.10	.50	4.00
" " 12 to 18 inches; per 1,000, \$3.50		---	---	.40
" " 18 to 24 in. per 1,000, \$4.50		---	---	.50
Sugar Maple , 4 to 5 feet .....		.30	2.50	-----
" " 5 to 6 feet .....		.40	3.50	-----
Russian Mulberry , 8 to 10 feet, select .....		.40	3.50	30.00
" " 6 to 8 feet, select .....		.25	2.25	20.00
" " 5 to 6 feet, select .....		.20	1.80	15.00
" " 4 to 5 feet, select .....		.15	1.20	10.00
" " 3 to 4 feet, select .....		.10	.70	6.00
" " 18 to 24 inches, \$6.00 per 1,000		---	.15	.75
" " 12 to 18 inches, \$4.50 per 1,000		---	---	.50
" " 6 to 12 inches, \$3.50 per 1,000		---	---	---
Norway Maple , 5 to 6 feet .....		.40	3.50	-----
Sycamore , 8 to 10 feet .....		.40	3.50	-----
" 6 to 8 feet .....		.30	2.50	-----
" 5 to 6 feet .....		.25	2.00	-----
" 4 to 5 feet .....		.20	1.80	14.00
" 3 to 4 feet .....		.15	1.00	8.00
Linden, American and European , 5 to 6 feet .....		.40	3.50	-----
" " " 4 to 5 feet .....		.30	2.75	-----

	Each	10	100
Hackberry , 5 to 6 feet .....	.25	2.25	20.00
" 4 to 5 feet .....	.20	1.75	15.00
Honey Locust , seedlings, 6 to 12 inches, \$3.50 per 1,000 .....	....	....	....
Black Locust , 3 to 4 feet .....	.10	.50	3.00
" seedlings, 12 to 18 inches, \$3.00 per 1,000 .....	....	....	....
Mountain Ash , European and oak leaved, 5 to 6 feet .....	.40	3.50	....
" " European and oak leaved, 4 to 5 feet .....	.30	2.50	....
Red Bud or Judas Tree , 4 to 5 feet .....	.35	....	....
" " 5 to 6 feet .....	.40	....	....
Horse Chestnut , 5 to 6 feet .....	.60	....	....
American Sweet Chestnut , 4 to 5 feet .....	.30	....	....
" " 3 to 4 feet .....	.25	....	....
White Birch , common, 5 to 6 feet .....	.35	....	....
" " common, 4 to 5 feet .....	.25	....	....
" " weeping, 5 to 6 feet .....	.60	....	....
" " weeping, 4 to 5 feet .....	.50	....	....
Weeping Willow , Wisconsin, 6 feet .....	.40	....	....
" " Kilmarnock and New American, 2 year heads .....	.75	....	....
" " Thurlow, 5 to 6 feet .....	.50	....	....
Weeping Mulberry , 2 year heads	1.00	....	....
Weeping Elm , 2 year heads .....	.75	....	....
Weeping Mountain Ash , 2 year heads .....	.75	....	....
Russian Olive , 3 to 4 feet, very hardy, silver foliage .....	.25	....	....
" " 4 to 5 feet, fragrant bloom .....	.30	....	....
Black Walnut , 7 to 8 feet .....	.30	2.50	....
" " 5 to 6 feet .....	.25	2.00	....
" " seedlings, 12 to 18 in., \$12 per 1,000 .....	....	....	1.50
Larch , European, 18 to 24 inches .....	.20	1.75	....
All the above named trees are nursery grown and transplanted.			
	10	100	1,000
Carolina Poplar Cuttings .....	....	\$0.50	\$3.00
Willow Cuttings , Gray or Weeping Willow .....	....	.50	3.00
Osage Orange , 1 year, No. 1 .....	....	.30	2.50
Purple Leaved Berberry , 12 to 18 inches .....	.50	4.50	....
Purple Leaved Berberry Thunberg's , 12 to 18 inches .....	.75	6.00	....
California Privet , 12 to 18 inches .....	.50	4.50	....

SELECT EVERGREENS.

Evergreens should be planted in the spring when sap is starting new growth. We handle transplanted trees which are much safer to transplant than seedlings. Western grown evergreens succeed much better than eastern trees, as our atmosphere has much less moisture than that of the east. Roots should not get dry for a moment on account of the resinous nature of the sap. Dip the roots in mud thick enough to adhere, and settle good soil about the roots with water. Leave surface about the tree basin shape to hold water and mulching. Water thoroughly, but not too often, till November. The Black Hills Spruce and Ponderosa Pine and the Colorado Evergreens are all succeeding well. The Jack Pine is doing remarkably well on the government reservations in this state. It transplants with very little loss. We recommend it for wind breaks instead of Cedars. Scotch and Austrian Pines are excellent for wind breaks and stand drouth. White Pine transplants nicely and is handsomest of the Pines, but will not stand extreme drouth.

Jack Pine is our leading sort for the west, all transplanted. The Jack Pine is the most rapid grower of all the pines.

	Each	10	100
Jack Pine , 3 to 4 feet	\$0.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
" " 2 to 3 feet .....	.25	2.25	20.00
" " 12 to 15 inches .....	.20	1.50	10.00
" " 6 to 12 inches .....	.15	1.00	7.50
Ponderosa or Bull Pine , 12 to 18 inches .....	.25	2.25	....

	Each	10	100
Ponderosa or Bull Pine , 6 to 10 inches .....	.15	1.25	10.00
Austrian Pine , 18 to 24 inches .....	.30	2.50	-----
" " 12 to 18 inches .....	.25	2.00	15.00
Scotch Pine , 2 to 2½ feet .....	.35	3.00	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....	.30	2.50	20.00
" " 12 to 18 inches .....	.25	2.00	15.00
White Pine , 2 to 2½ feet .....	.35	3.00	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....	.30	2.50	20.00
" " 12 to 18 inches .....	.25	2.00	15.00
Black Hills Spruce , 12 to 18 inches .....	.25	2.00	15.00
" " 6 to 12 inches .....	.15	1.25	10.00
Norway Spruce , 2 to 2½ feet .....	.35	3.00	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....	.30	2.50	20.00
" " 12 to 18 inches .....	.25	2.00	15.00
Douglas Spruce , Colorado native, 2 to 2½ feet .....	.50	4.50	-----
" " Colorado native, 18 to 24 inches .....	.40	3.50	-----

EVERGREENS.

	Each	10	100
Colorado Blue Spruce , 12 to 18 inches .....	.50	4.50	-----
Colorado Concolor , very blue, 2 feet .....	.75	6.00	-----
Hemlock Spruce , branches droop, 12 to 18 inches .....	.25	2.25	-----
Balsam Fir , handsome trees, 2 to 2½ feet .....	.40	3.50	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....	.30	2.50	-----
" " 12 to 18 inches .....	.25	2.00	16.00
American A. Vitae , 2½ to 3 feet .....	.40	3.50	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....	.30	2.50	-----
" " 12 to 18 inches .....	.20	1.50	12.00
Pyramidal A. Vitae , 3 to 4 feet .....	.50	4.50	-----
" " 2 to 3 feet .....	.40	3.50	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....	.30	2.50	-----
Rosedale Hybrid , upright grower, fine foliage, 10 to 15 inches .....	.40	-----	-----
Platte Valley Cedars , 4 to 5 feet .....	.40	3.50	-----
" " 3 to 4 feet .....	.35	3.00	-----
" " 2 to 3 feet .....	.30	2.50	20.00

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.

	Each	Doz.
Althea, Rose of Sharon , blooms from mid-summer until frost, white, red and purple	\$0.25	\$2.50
Almond, Double Flowering , 2 sorts, white and pink; very early .....	.25	2.50
Calycanthus , sweet scented shrub, chocolate color, very fragrant .....	.25	2.50
Currant .—Flowering abundantly, early in spring .....	.25	2.50
Deutzias .—Hardy, flowers double, white, tinged with pink .....	.25	2.50
European Euonymous or Burning Bush .—3 feet .....	.25	2.50
White Fringe .—Delicate fringe-like white flowers .....	.25	2.50
Purple Fringe or Smoke Tree .—Large shrub, much admired .....	.25	2.50
Hydrangea Grandiflora .—Blooms freely from July until frost, very hardy, 2 feet .....	.25	2.50
Hydrangea Grandiflora , tree form, 3 feet .....	.40	4.50
Honeysuckle .—Upright, Red Tartarian, blossoms in June, very hardy .....	.25	2.50
Japan Quince .—Scarlet, early in spring .....	.25	2.50
Lilacs .—From Japan and China; become trees, snowy white, bloom in June .....	.35	3.50
Lilacs .—Persian, purple and white .....	.35	3.50
Common Purple .....	.20	2.00
Large White Flowering .....	.25	2.50
Spirea, Billardia .—Rose colored in spikes .....	.25	2.50
Spirea, Van Houtii .—Grandest of all Spireas, white, early .....	.25	2.50
Anthony Waterer .—Low bush covered all summer with bright		

	Each	Doz.
pink or solferino flowers .....	.30	3.00
Snowball. —Well-known shrub, 2 to 3 feet .....	.25	2.50
Syringa, Mock Orange. —White flower, very fragrant, hardy .....	.25	2.50
Wiegelias, Pink and White. —Hardy, bloom in June and July....	.25	2.50
Tamarisk. —Beautiful shrub, small pink and white spikes in May .....	.25	2.50

ORNAMENTAL CLIMBING VINES.

	Each	Doz.
Bignonia or Trumpet Flower. — Scarlet, flowers in August, hardy .....	.25	2.50
Clematis, Coccinea. —Coral scarlet, bell-shaped, flowers July to October .....	.25	2.50
Clematis, Jackmanni. —Purple flowers, 4 to 6 inches in diameter .....	.50	5.00
Clematis, Paniculata. —White, sweet scented .....	.30	3.00
Honeysuckles. —Monthly Fragrant; grows quick, very fragrant, color red and yellow, blooms till frost comes .....	.25	2.50
Honeysuckles. —Scarlet and Yellow Trumpet; well known sorts, produces inodorous flowers all summer, very hardy .....	.25	2.50
Honeysuckles. —Halleana; very fragrant, white and yellow flower .....	.25	2.50
Common Woodbine .....	.25	2.50
Matrimonial Vine. —Fine climbers, flowers all summer .....	.15	1.50
Wistaria. —Purple, perfectly hardy, fine bloomer .....	.25	2.50
“ White, perfectly hardy, fine bloomer .....	.30	3.00

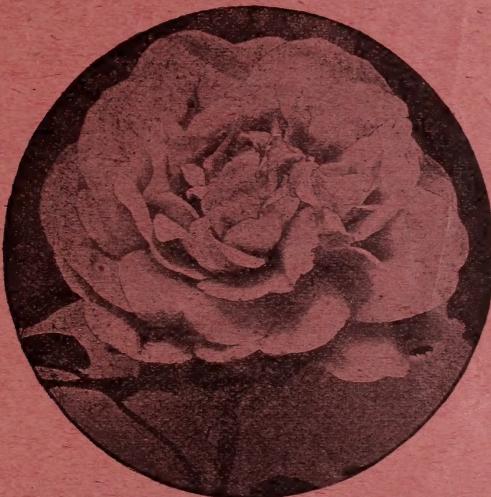
HERBACEOUS PLANTS AND BULBS.

	Each	Doz.
Dahlias. —Assorted colors .....	.25	2.50
Gladiolus. —Assorted colors .....	.10	1.00
Phlox. —Perennial, snowy white to deep red .....	.20	2.00
Bleeding Heart. —An old favorite sort .....	.25	2.50
Yucca, Filimentosa .....	.25	2.50
Peonies. —These are glorious in flower, delightful fragrance, mixed sorts and pink .....	.20	2.50
Fragrant Rose, white, etc. ....	.25	2.50
Some fancy new sorts, very handsome; each 50c to \$1.00.		
Tiger Lily. —Double .....	.20	2.00
Golden Glow. —Like Chrysanthemum, very popular, easily grown, strong roots .....	.15	1.50
Iris. —German .....	.20	2.00
Columbine .....	.20	2.00
Cannas .....	.15	1.50

ROSES.

	Each	Doz.
Climbing—Baltimore Belle. —Pale blush, nearly white, hardy, 2 year .....	.25	2.50
Prairie Queen. —Bright rosy red, vigorous, hardy, 2 year ....	.25	2.50
Crimson Rambler. —Rich, glowing crimson, hardy, 2 and 3 year .....	.30	3.00
Yellow Rambler. —Light canary yellow, hardy, 2 year .....	.30	3.00
White Rambler. —Pure pearly white, 2 year .....	.30	3.00
Baby Rambler. —Color crimson; blooms out of doors from May to November; indoors all the year .....	.40	4.00
White Roses. —Madame Plantier, very hardy; Coquette des Alps, Coquette des Blanches, Gloire Lyonnaise, 2 year .....	.25	2.50
Pink Roses. —Paul Neyron, Mrs. John Laing, Magna Charta, Henry Martin and other sorts, 2 year .....	.25	2.50
Red Roses. —General Jacqueminot, John Hooper, Crimson Globe, Luxemburg, 2 year, strong plants .....	.25	2.50
American Beauty .....	.30	....
Tree Roses. —Grafted on hardy rose stalks, 4 to 5 feet high, and are very handsome when in bloom .....	.75	....

Harrison's Yellow.—Double, bright yellow, very showy 30 3.00
We can procure from greenhouse growers, Bourbon, Noisette and Tea



Mad. Plantier Rose.

Roses for any who wish to grow such indoors or out. See our Descriptive Catalogue for description of many ornamental Shrubs, Roses, Bulbs, etc., not listed here.

Atkinson, Nebr., Nov. 27, 1908.
I received your letter some time ago. Well, the trees did better than I expected. I haven't counted yet how many died. I guess there are about 15 out of 100 that failed to grow. I bought a good many trees from agents before I got to dealing with you. I never had success with them. Since I got to buying from you I have a nice young orchard growing. I want a few more trees from you next spring.—
GUSTAV KRUEGER.

Crawford, Jan. 9, 1908.
I received a letter from you some time ago asking me to write you in regard to the nursery stock purchased of you.

I will positively say I want no other nursery stock only what we get from the North Bend Nursery, as that has proved very satisfactory.

I have purchased stock from at least half a dozen different nurseries, but I have come to the conclusion that I will plant no other than the North Bend Nursery stock. The trees and plants every one grew.

Thanking you for your past favors, I remain, yours very truly,—MRS. CHARLES RASHER.

Maywood, Nebr., March 10, 1908.
We gave you a small order last year for trees to set in the lawn at the court house in North Platte and they did very well, although it was quite late when ordered. I was a member of the County Board and am well pleased with them. Yours very truly,—S. C. WILLS.

Verdigre, Nebr.
Mr. Stevenson: I received all fruit trees in good condition. I don't know just how many I lost; still I am well satisfied with the stock. So many thanks to you. Yours truly,—VINCENT CIHLAR.

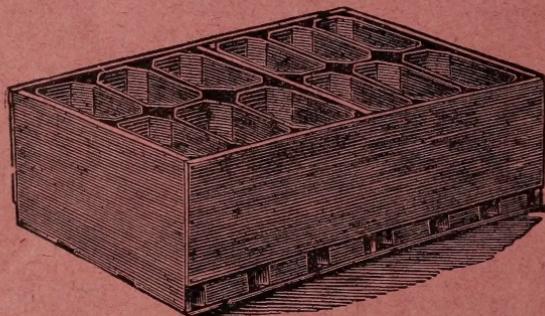
Clarkson, Nebr., March 23, 1908.
Enclosed find \$6.75 for hardy catalpa trees. I want the hardy sort, so try to send them. Those that I bought of you last year all grew nicely. Yours truly,—JOSEPH BLECHA.

Gregory, S. D., May 8, 1908.
I thank you for the nice stock you sent. I am late in sending you the money but here it is at last. Yours truly,—FRANK RICHTER.

Sutton, Nebr., April 15, 1908.
Trees received yesterday in good shape. Am well pleased. Respectfully,—WM. GILLATLY.

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